STATE OF MISSOURI

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92nd Congress) as amended,

Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500,	92 ^{rr} Congress) as amended,
Permit No.	MO-0117391

Owner: BNSF Railway Company
Address: 4515 Kansas Avenue, Kansas City, KS 66106

Address. 4515 Kalisas Aveliue, Kalisas City, K5 00100

Continuing Authority: Same as above Address: Same as above

Facility Name: BNSF – Murray Yard

Address: 153 West 14th Avenue, North Kansas City, MO 64116

Legal Description: See page two UTM Coordinates: See page two

Receiving Stream:

First Classified Stream and ID:

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.:

See page two
See page two

is authorized to discharge from the facility described herein, in accordance with the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements as set forth herein:

FACILITY DESCRIPTION

All Outfalls - Railroad - SIC #4011

Stormwater runoff from railroad facility involved in locomotive fueling and repair, and railcar repair and service

This permit authorizes only wastewater discharges under the Missouri Clean Water Law and the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System; it does not apply to other regulated areas. This permit may be appealed in accordance with Section 621.250 RSMo, Section 640.013 RSMo and Section 644.051.6 of the Law.

N

September 29, 2010	May 22, 2013	Lara Parker Pauler
Effective Date	Modified Date	Sara Parker Pauley, Director, Department of Natural Resources
		0000
September 28, 2015		John Madros
Expiration Date		John Madray, Director, Water Protection Program

FACILITY DESCRIPTION (continued)

Outfall #001 – Stormwater from the equipment fueling and railcar repair area

Legal Description: SW ¼, NW ¼, Sec. 14, T50N, R33W, Clay County

UTM Coordinates: X = 363021, Y = 4334273

Receiving Stream: North Kansas City Storm Sewer (U)
First Classified Stream and ID: Missouri River (P) (00226) 303d

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10300101 – 0301)

Outfall #003 – Stormwater from equipment fueling and used oil storage area

Legal Description: SW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 14, T50N, R33W, Clay County

UTM Coordinates: X = 363236, Y = 4333304

Receiving Stream: North Kansas City Storm Sewer (U)

First Classified Stream and ID: Missouri River (P) (00356)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10300101 – 0301)

Outfall #004 – Dispensing of kerosene and rail lubricant

Legal Description: NW 1/4, NW 1/4, Sec. 26, T50N, R33W, Clay County

UTM Coordinates: X = 362987, Y = 4331512

Receiving Stream: North Kansas City Storm Sewer (U)

First Classified Stream and ID: Missouri River (P) (00356)

USGS Basin & Sub-watershed No.: (10300101 – 0301)

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

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PERMIT NUMBER MO-0117391

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

OUTFALL NUMBER AND	LINUTEG	FINAL EF	FLUENT LIM	ITATIONS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE (Note 1)	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Outfalls 001, 003, and 004						
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/year	24 hr. estimate
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	*		*	once/year	grab**
Settleable Solids	mL/L	1.5		1.0	once/year	grab**
pH – Units	SU	***		***	once/year	grab**
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	mg/L	10		10	once/year	grab**

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED <u>ANNUALLY</u>; THE NEXT REPORT IS DUE <u>OCTOBER 28, 2013.</u> THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

B. STANDARD CONDITIONS

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED <u>Part I STANDARD</u> CONDITIONS DATED October 1, 1980, AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)

- * Monitoring requirement only.
- ** A representative grab sample shall be collected during the first hour of rainfall which exceeds 0.1 inches and results in a discharge.
- *** pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is limited to the range of 6.5-9.0 pH units.

Note 1 - Monthly average. The total mass or concentration of all daily discharges sampled during a calendar month divided by the number of daily discharges sampled or measured during that month.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
 - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
 - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
 - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
 - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
 - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.

The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.

2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

3. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
 - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μg/L);
 - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 μ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 μ g/L) for 2,5 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for the pollutant in the permit application;
 - (4) The level established in Part A of the permit by the Director.
- (b) That they have begun or expect to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant, which was not reported in the permit application.
- (c) That the effluent limit established in part A of the permit will be exceeded.

4. Water Quality Standards

- (a) Discharges to waters of the state shall not cause a violation of water quality standards rule under 10 CSR 20-7.031, including both specific and general criteria.
- (b) General Criteria. The following general water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
 - (1) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (2) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (3) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
 - (4) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life;
 - (5) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
 - (6) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
 - (7) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
 - (8) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.
- 5. The permittee shall develop and implement a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). The SWPPP must be prepared within 30 days and implemented within 90 days of permit issuance. The SWPPP must be kept on-site and should not be sent to DNR unless specifically requested. The SWPPP must be reviewed and updated, if needed, every five (5) years or as site conditions change. The permittee shall select, install, use, operate, and maintain the Best Management Practices prescribed in the SWPPP in accordance with the concepts and methods described in the following document:

<u>Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, A Guide for Industrial Operators,</u> (Document number EPA 833-B-09-002) published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) in February 2009. The SWPPP must include the following:

- (a) An assessment of all stormwater discharges associated with vehicle maintenance (including vehicle rehabilitation, mechanical repairs, painting, fueling, and lubrication), equipment cleaning, and chemical deicing/anti-icing activities. This must include a list of potential contaminants and an annual estimate of amounts that will be used in the described activities.
- (b) A listing of specific Best Management Practices (BMPs) and a narrative explaining how BMPs will be implemented to control and minimize the amount of potential contaminants that may enter storm water. Minimum BMPs are listed in SPECIAL CONDITIONS #6 below.

C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

- (c) The SWPPP must include a schedule for a quarterly formal site inspection and a brief written report. The quarterly report should be conducted in addition to the annual comprehensive site inspection described in the May 2010 revision of the Murray Yard's SWPPP as well as routine weekly and monthly informal inspections. The formal and comprehensive inspections must include observation and evaluation of BMP effectiveness. Deficiencies must be corrected within seven (7) days and the actions taken to correct the deficiencies shall be included with the written report, including photographs. Any corrective measure that necessitates major construction may also need a construction permit. Inspection reports must be kept on site with the SWPPP and maintained for a period of five (5) years. These must be made available to DNR personnel upon request.
- (d) A provision for designating an individual to be responsible for environmental matters.
- (e) A provision for providing training to all personnel involved in material handling and storage, and housekeeping of maintenance and cleaning areas. Proof of training shall be submitted on request of DNR.
- 6. Permittee shall adhere to the following minimum Best Management Practices:
 - (a) Prevent the spillage or loss of fluids, oil, grease, fuel, etc. from vehicle maintenance, equipment cleaning, or warehouse activities and thereby prevent the contamination of storm water from these substances.
 - (b) Provide collection facilities and arrange for proper disposal of waste products including but not limited to petroleum waste products, and solvents.
 - (c) Store all paint, solvents, petroleum products and petroleum waste products (except fuels), and storage containers (such as drums, cans, or cartons) so that these materials are not exposed to storm water or provide other prescribed BMP's such as plastic lids and/or portable spill pans to prevent the commingling of storm water with container contents. Commingled water may not be discharged under this permit. Provide spill prevention control, and/or management sufficient to prevent any spills of these pollutants from entering waters of the state. Any containment system used to implement this requirement shall be constructed of materials compatible with the substances contained and shall also prevent the contamination of groundwater.
 - (d) Provide good housekeeping practices on the site to keep trash from entry into waters of the state.
 - (e) Provide sediment and erosion control sufficient to prevent or control sediment loss off of the property. This could include the use of straw bales, silt fences, or sediment basins, if needed, to comply with effluent limits.
- 7. The purpose of the SWPPP and the BMPs listed herein is the prevention of pollution of waters of the state. A deficiency of a BMP means it was not effective in preventing pollution [10 CSR 20-2.010(56)] of waters of the state, and corrective actions means the facility took steps to eliminate the deficiency.
- 8. All fueling facilities present on the site shall adhere to applicable federal and state regulations concerning underground storage, above ground storage, and dispensers, including spill prevention, control and counter measures.
- 9. Before releasing water that has accumulated in secondary containment areas it must be examined for hydrocarbon odor and presence of a sheen. If the presence of hydrocarbons is indicated, accumulated waster must be treated to remove all hydrocarbons prior to release or pumped and hauled to an appropriate treatment facility. Records of the event, including the method of removal and disposal, must be maintained.
- 10. Substances, regulated by federal law under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), that are transported, stored, or used for maintenance, cleaning or repair, shall be managed according to RCRA and CECRLA.

REPORTING OF EFFLUENT VIOLATIONS

If any of the sampling results from any of the outfalls show any violation of the permit discharge limitations, written notification shall be made to the Department of Natural Resources within five (5) days of notification of analytical results. Notification shall indicate the date(s) of sample collection, the analytical results, and permit number, and shall include a statement concerning the revisions or modifications in management practices that are being implemented to address the violation of the limitations that occurred.

After a violation has been reported, a sample of storm water runoff resulting from the next rainfall greater than 0.1 inches shall be collected at outfall(s) for which the violation occurred. Analytical results of this sample shall be submitted in writing to the Department of Natural Resources (this paragraph supersedes Standard Conditions Part I, Section B: 2.A. Noncompliance Notification).

RECORDS, RETENTION AND RECORDING

Monitoring reports shall be submitted by October 28th of each year for the previous period of October 1st through September 30th. All sampling data shall be maintained by the permittee for a period of five (5) years and shall be supplied to the Department of Natural Resources upon request (supersedes Standard Conditions Part I, Section A:7. Records Retention). A copy of all of the sampling data must be submitted with an application for reissuance of this permit.

PERMIT TRANSFER

This permit may be transferred to a new owner by submitting an "Application for Transfer of Operating Permit" signed by the seller and buyer of the facility, along with the appropriate modification fee.

PERMIT RENEWAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless this permit is terminated, the permittee shall submit an application for the renewal of this permit no later than six (6) months prior to the permit's expiration date. Failure to apply for renewal may result in termination of this permit and enforcement action to compel compliance with this condition and the Missouri Clean Water Law.

TERMINATION

In order to terminate this permit, the permittee shall notify the department by submitting Form J, included with the State Operating Permit. The permittee shall complete Form J and mail it to the department at the address noted in the cover letter of this permit. Proper closure of any storage structure is required prior to permit termination. A closure plan shall be submitted to the department and approved prior to initiating closure activities.

DUTY OF COMPLIANCE

The permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit. Any noncompliance with this permit constitutes a violation of Chapter 644, Missouri Clean Water Law, and 10 CSR 20-6. Noncompliance may result in enforcement action, termination of this authorization, or denial of the permittee's request for renewal.

Missouri Department of Natural Resources FACT SHEET FOR THE PURPOSE OF MODIFICATION OF MO-0117391 BNSF – MURRAY YARD

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act ("Clean Water Act" Section 402 Public Law 92-500 as amended) established the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program. This program regulates the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the waters of the United States, and the release of storm water from certain point sources. All such discharges are unlawful without a permit (Section 301 of the "Clean Water Act"). After a permit is obtained, a discharge not in compliance with all permit terms and conditions is unlawful. Missouri State Operating Permits (MSOPs) are issued by the Director of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (Department) under an approved program, operating in accordance with federal and state laws (Federal "Clean Water Act" and "Missouri Clean Water Law" Section 644 as amended). MSOPs are issued for a period of five (5) years unless otherwise specified.

As per [40 CFR Part 124.8(a)] and [10 CSR 20-6.020(1)2.] a Factsheet shall be prepared to give pertinent information regarding the applicable regulations, rationale for the development of effluent limitations and conditions, and the public participation process for the Missouri State Operating Permit (operating permit) listed below.

A Factsheet is not an enfo	rceable part of an operating permit.
	jor □, Minor ☑, Industrial Facility □; Variance □;; General Permit Covered Facility □; and/or permit with widespread public interest □.
<u>Part I – Facility Info</u>	rmation
Facility Type: Facility SIC Code(s):	Railroad 4011
Facility Description:	
This permit is being mod that services locomotives	lified to include a new outfall, Outfall 004. This permit is for stormwater runoff from a railroad facility and railcars.
Have any changes occurre ⊠, - No	ed at this facility or in the receiving water body that effects effluent limit derivation?
Application Date: Expiration Date: Last Inspection:	12/31/12 9/28/15 11/16/11 In Compliance ⊠

OUTFALL(S) TABLE:

OUTFALL	FLOW	TREATMENT LEVEL	EFFLUENT TYPE	DISTANCE TO CLASSIFIED SEGMENT (MI)
#001	Dependent on precipitation	None	Stormwater	0.15
#003	Dependent on precipitation	none	Stormwater	1.3
#004	Dependent on precipitation	None	Stormwater	0.4

Receiving Water Body's Water Quality & Facility Performance History:

Annual discharge monitoring reports from the previous permit cycle were reviewed. This facility had no permit limit exceedances during that time.

Comments:

Part II - Operator Certification Requirements

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(8) Terms and Conditions of a Permit], permittees shall operate and maintain facilities to comply with the Missouri Clean Water Law and applicable permit conditions and regulations. Operators or supervisors of operations at regulated wastewater treatment facilities shall be certified in accordance with [10 CSR 20-9.020(2)] and any other applicable state law or regulation. As per [10 CSR 20-9.010(2)(A)], requirements for operation by certified personnel shall apply to all wastewater treatment systems, if applicable, as listed below:

Check	boxes	below	that	are	applic	cable	to	the	facilit	tv:
CHICCH	COME	CCICT	unc	ui c	appin	ouoic	·	uic	Iuciii	.,,

Ow	ned or operated by or for:	
•	Municipalities	
•	Public Sewer District:	
•	County	
•	Public Water Supply Districts:	П

• Private sewer company regulated by the Public Service Commission:

• State or Federal agencies:

Each of the above entities are only applicable if they have a Population Equivalent greater than two hundred (200) and/or fifty (50) or more service connections.

Not Applicable ⊠; This facility is not required to have a certified operator.

Part III – Receiving Stream Information

APPLICABLE DESIGNATIONS OF WATERS OF THE STATE:

As per Missouri's Effluent Regulations [10 CSR 20-7.015], the waters of the state are divided into the below listed seven (7) categories. Each category lists effluent limitations for specific parameters, which are presented in each outfall's Effluent Limitation Table and further discussed in the Derivation & Discussion of Limits section.

Missouri or Mississippi River [10 CSR 20-7.015(2)]:	
Lake or Reservoir [10 CSR 20-7.015(3)]:	
Losing [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)]:	
Metropolitan No-Discharge [10 CSR 20-7.015(5)]:	
Special Stream [10 CSR 20-7.015(6)]:	
Subsurface Water [10 CSR 20-7.015(7)]:	
All Other Waters [10 CSR 20-7.015(8)]:	\boxtimes

10 CSR 20-7.031 Missouri Water Quality Standards, the Department defines the Clean Water Commission water quality objectives in terms of "water uses to be maintained and the criteria to protect those uses." The receiving stream and/or 1st classified receiving stream's beneficial water uses to be maintained are located in the Receiving Stream Table located below in accordance with [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)].

RECEIVING STREAM(S) TABLE:

WATERBODY NAME	CLASS	WBID	DESIGNATED USES*	8-Digit HUC	EDU**
North Kansas City Storm Sewer System	U	NA	General Criteria	10240011	Central Plains/Nishnabotna/Platte
Missouri River	P	00226 00356	LWW, AQL, IND, SCR, DWS, IRR, WBC-B***	10300101	& Central Plains/Blackwater/Lamine

^{* -} Irrigation (IRR), Livestock & Wildlife Watering (LWW), Protection of Warm Water Aquatic Life and Human Health-Fish Consumption (AQL), Cool Water Fishery(CLF), Cold Water Fishery (CDF), Whole Body Contact Recreation (WBC), Secondary Contact Recreation (SCR), Drinking Water Supply (DWS), Industrial (IND), Groundwater (GRW).

^{** -} Ecological Drainage Unit

^{*** -} UAA has not been conducted.

RECEIVING STREAM(S) LOW-FLOW VALUES TABLE:

DECEMBER STREAM (II C D)	Low-Flow Values (CFS)				
RECEIVING STREAM (U, C, P)	1Q10	7Q10	30Q10		
North Kansas City Storm Sewer (U)	0	0	0		
Missouri River (P)	4579.07	5800.27	10187.53		

MIXING CONSIDERATIONS:

Mixing Zone: Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(a)].

Zone of Initial Dilution: Not Allowed [10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(A)4.B.(I)(b)].

RECEIVING STREAM MONITORING REQUIREMENTS:

No receiving water monitoring requirements recommended at this time.

Part IV - Rationale and Derivation of Effluent Limitations & Permit Conditions

ALTERNATIVE EVALUATIONS FOR NEW FACILITIES:

As per [10 CSR 20-7.015(4)(A)], discharges to losing streams shall be permitted only after other alternatives including land application, discharges to a gaining stream and connection to a regional wastewater treatment facility have been evaluated and determined to be unacceptable for environmental and/or economic reasons.

Not Applicable ⊠;

The facility does not discharge to a Losing Stream as defined by [10 CSR 20-2.010(36)] & [10 CSR 20-7.031(1)(N)], or is an existing facility.

ANTI-BACKSLIDING:

A provision in the Federal Regulations [CWA §303(d)(4); CWA §402(c); 40 CFR Part 122.44(I)] that requires a reissued permit to be as stringent as the previous permit with some exceptions.

- All limits in this operating permit are at least as protective as those previously established; therefore, backsliding does not apply.

AREA-WIDE WASTE TREATMENT MANAGEMENT & CONTINUING AUTHORITY:

As per [10 CSR 20-6.010(3)(B)], ... An applicant may utilize a lower preference continuing authority by submitting, as part of the application, a statement waiving preferential status from each existing higher preference authority, providing the waiver does not conflict with any area-wide management plan approved under section 208 of the Federal Clean Water Act or any other regional sewage service and treatment plan approved for higher preference authority by the Department.

BIO-SOLIDS, SLUDGE, & SEWAGE SLUDGE:

Bio-solids are solid materials resulting from wastewater treatment that meet federal and state criteria for beneficial uses (i.e. fertilizer). Sludge is any solid, semi-solid, or liquid waste generated from a municipal, commercial, or industrial wastewater treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility or any other such waste having similar characteristics and effect. Sewage sludge is solids, semi-solids, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works; including but not limited to, domestic septage; scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment process; and a material derived from sewage sludge. Sewage sludge does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator or grit and screening generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works.

Not Applicable \boxtimes ;

This condition is not applicable to the permittee for this specific facility.

COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT:

Enforcement is the action taken by the Water Protection Program (WPP) to bring an entity into compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or any terms and conditions of an operating permit. The primary purpose of the enforcement activity in the WPP is to resolve violations and return the entity to compliance.

Not Applicable ⊠;

The permittee/facility is not currently under Water Protection Program enforcement action.

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PRETREATMENT PROGRAM:

The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing such pollutants into a Publicly Owned Treatment Works [40 CFR Part 403.3(q)].

Pretreatment programs are required at any POTW (or combination of POTW operated by the same authority) and/or municipality with a total design flow greater than 5.0 MGD and receiving industrial wastes that interfere with or pass through the treatment works or are otherwise subject to the pretreatment standards. Pretreatment programs can also be required at POTWs/municipals with a design flow less than 5.0 MGD if needed to prevent interference with operations or pass through.

Several special conditions pertaining to the permittee's pretreatment program may be included in the permit, and are as follows:

- Implementation and enforcement of the program,
- Annual pretreatment report submittal,
- Submittal of list of industrial users,
- Technical evaluation of need to establish local limitations, and
- Submittal of the results of the evaluation

Not Applicable ⊠;

The permittee, at this time, is not required to have a Pretreatment Program or does not have an approved pretreatment program.

REASONABLE POTENTIAL ANALYSIS (RPA):

Federal regulation [40 CFR Part 122.44(d)(1)(i)] requires effluent limitations for all pollutants that are or may be discharged at a level that will cause or have the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an in-stream excursion above narrative or numeric water quality standard.

In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(d)(iii)] if the permit writer determines that any give pollutant has the reasonable potential to cause, or contribute to an in-stream excursion above the WQS, the permit must contain effluent limits for that pollutant.

Not Applicable ⊠;

A RPA was not conducted for this facility.

REMOVAL EFFICIENCY:

Removal efficiency is a method by which the Federal Regulations define Secondary Treatment and Equivalent to Secondary Treatment, which applies to Biochemical Oxygen Demand 5-day (BOD_5) and Total Suspended Solids (TSS) for Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs)/municipals. Please see the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) website for interpretation of percent removal requirements for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Application Requirements for Publicly Owned Treatment Works and Other Treatment Works Treating Domestic Sewage @ www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/EPA-WATER/1999/August/Day-04/w18866.htm.

Not Applicable 🔼	Not	App.	lical	ble	
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This permit is for stormwater only.

SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSOS), BYPASSES, INFLOW & INFILTRATION (I&I) - PREVENTION/REDUCTION:

Sanitary Sewer Systems (SSSs) are municipal wastewater collection systems that convey domestic, commercial, and industrial wastewater, and limited amounts of infiltrated groundwater and storm water (i.e. I&I), to a POTW. SSSs are not designed to collect large amounts of storm water runoff from precipitation events.

Untreated or partially treated discharges from SSSs are commonly referred to as SSOs. SSOs have a variety of causes including blockages, line breaks, sewer defects that allow excess storm water and ground water to overload the system, lapses in sewer system operation and maintenance, inadequate sewer design and construction, power failures, and vandalism. A SSOs is defined as an untreated or partially treated sewage release from a SSS. SSOs can occur at any point in an SSS, during dry weather or wet weather. SSOs include overflows that reach waters of the state. SSOs also include overflows out of manholes and onto city streets, sidewalks, and other terrestrial locations. SSSs can back up into buildings, including private residences. When sewage backups are caused by problems in the publicly-owned portion of an SSS, they are considered SSOs.

Not Applicable ⊠;

This facility is not required to develop or implement a program for maintenance and repair of the collection system; however, it is a violation of Missouri State Environmental Laws and Regulations to allow untreated wastewater to discharge to waters of the state.

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SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE (SOC):

A schedule of remedial measures included in a permit, including an enforceable sequence of interim requirements (actions, operations, or milestone events) leading to compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, its implementing regulations, and/or the terms and conditions of an operating permit.

Not Applicable \boxtimes ;

This permit does not contain a SOC.

STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP):

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.44(k) *Best Management Practices (BMPs)* to control or abate the discharge of pollutants when: (1) Authorized under section 304(e) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) for the control of toxic pollutants and hazardous substances from ancillary industrial activities: (2) Authorized under section 402(p) of the CWA for the control of storm water discharges; (3) Numeric effluent limitations are infeasible; or (4) the practices are reasonably necessary to achieve effluent limitations and standards or to carry out the purposes and intent of the CWA.

In accordance with the EPA's <u>Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, A Guide for Industrial Operators</u>, (Document number EPA 833-B-09-002) [published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) in February 2009], BMPs are measures or practices used to reduce the amount of pollution entering (regarding this operating permit) waters of the state. BMPs may take the form of a process, activity, or physical structure.

Additionally in accordance with the Storm Water Management, a SWPPP is a series of steps and activities to (1) identify sources of pollution or contamination, and (2) select and carry out actions which prevent or control the pollution of storm water discharges.

Applicable \boxtimes ;

A SWPPP shall be developed and implemented for each site and shall incorporate required practices identified by the Department with jurisdiction, incorporate erosion control practices specific to site conditions, and provide for maintenance and adherence to the plan.

VARIANCE:

As per the Missouri Clean Water Law § 644.061.4, variances shall be granted for such period of time and under such terms and conditions as shall be specified by the commission in its order. The variance may be extended by affirmative action of the commission. In no event shall the variance be granted for a period of time greater than is reasonably necessary for complying with the Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141 or any standard, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to Missouri Clean Water Law §§644.006 to 644.141.

Not Applicable \boxtimes ;

This operating permit is not drafted under premises of a petition for variance.

WASTELOAD ALLOCATIONS (WLA) FOR LIMITS:

As per [10 CSR 20-2.010(78)], the amount of pollutant each discharger is allowed by the Department to release into a given stream after the Department has determined total amount of pollutant that may be discharged into that stream without endangering its water quality.

Not Applicable ⊠;

Wasteload allocations were not calculated.

WLA MODELING:

There are two general types of effluent limitations, technology-based effluent limits (TBELs) and water quality based effluent limits (WQBELs). If TBELs do not provide adequate protection for the receiving waters, then WQBEL must be used.

Not Applicable ⊠;

A WLA study was either not submitted or determined not applicable by Department staff.

WATER QUALITY STANDARDS:

Per [10 CSR 20-7.031(3)], General Criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. Additionally, [40 CFR 122.44(d)(1)] directs the Department to establish in each NPDES permit to include conditions to achieve water quality established under Section 303 of the Clean Water Act, including State narrative criteria for water quality.

WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST:

A WET test is a quantifiable method of determining if a discharge from a facility may be causing toxicity to aquatic life by itself, in combination with or through synergistic responses when mixed with receiving stream water.

Not Applicable \boxtimes ;

At this time, the permittee is not required to conduct WET test for this facility.

303(d) LIST & TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL):

Section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act requires that each state identify waters that are not meeting water quality standards and for which adequate water pollution controls have not been required. Water quality standards protect such beneficial uses of water as whole body contact (such as swimming), maintaining fish and other aquatic life, and providing drinking water for people, livestock and wildlife. The 303(d) list helps state and federal agencies keep track of waters that are impaired but not addressed by normal water pollution control programs.

A TMDL is a calculation of the maximum amount of a given pollutant that a body of water can absorb before its water quality is affected. If a water body is determined to be impaired as listed on the 303(d) list, then a watershed management plan will be developed that shall include the TMDL calculation

Applicable X; The Missouri River is listed on the 2012 Missouri 303(d) List for E. Coli.

☐ – This facility is not considered to be a source of the above listed pollutant(s) or considered to contribute to the impairment of the Missouri River.

Part V – Effluent Limits Determination

All Outfalls – Stormwater

EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS TABLE:

AT EMMINITIONS THEELS								
PARAMETER	Unit	BASIS FOR LIMITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	Modified	PREVIOUS PERMIT LIMITATIONS	
FLOW	MGD	1	*		*	No	SAME	
COD	MG/L	9	*		*	No	SAME	
SS	ML/L	9	1.5		1.0	No	SAME	
РΗ	SU	1/2	6.5 – 9.0		6.5 - 9.0	YES	6.0 - 9.0	
ТРН	MG/L	9	10		10	No	SAME	
MONITORING FREQUENCY	Please see	Please see Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements in the Derivation and Discussion Section below.						

^{* -} Monitoring requirement only.

Basis for Limitations Codes:

- 1. State or Federal Regulation/Law
- 2. Water Quality Standard (includes RPA)
- 3. Water Quality Based Effluent Limits
- 4. Lagoon Policy5. Ammonia Policy
- 6. Dissolved Oxygen Policy

- 7. Antidegradation Policy
- 8. Water Quality Model
- 9. Best Professional Judgment
- 10. TMDL or Permit in lieu of TMDL
- 11. WET Test Policy
- 12. Antidegradation Review

ALL OUTFALLS – DERIVATION AND DISCUSSION OF LIMITS:

- <u>Flow</u>. In accordance with [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(1)(ii)] the volume of effluent discharged from each outfall is needed to assure compliance with permitted effluent limitations. If the permittee is unable to obtain effluent flow, then it is the responsibility of the permittee to inform the Department, which may require the submittal of an operating permit modification.
- <u>Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)</u>. Monitoring requirement only has been retained from the previous state operating permit.
- <u>Settleable Solids (SS)</u>. Effluent limitations from the previous state operating permit have been reassessed and verified that they are still protective of the receiving stream's Water Quality. Therefore, effluent limitations have been retained from previous state operating permit.
- **<u>pH</u>**. Effluent limitation range is from 6.5 9.0 standard pH units (SU), as per []10 CSR 20-7.031(4)(E)]. pH is not to be averaged.
- <u>Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH).</u> Effluent limitations from the previous state operating permit have been reassessed and verified that they are still protective of the receiving stream's Water Quality. Therefore, effluent limitations have been retained from previous state operating permit.
- <u>Minimum Sampling and Reporting Frequency Requirements</u>. Sampling and reporting frequency requirements have been retained from previous state operating permit.

^{** -} For DO the Daily Maximum is a Daily Minimum and the Monthly Average is a Monthly Average Minimum.

^{*** - #} of colonies/100mL; the Monthly Average for Fecal Coliform is a geometric mean.

^{**** -} Parameter not previously established in previous state operating permit.

BNSF – MURRAY YARD Fact Sheet Page #7

Part VI – Administrative Requirements

On the basis of preliminary staff review and the application of applicable standards and regulations, the Department, as administrative agent for the Missouri Clean Water Commission, proposes to issue a permit(s) subject to certain effluent limitations, schedules, and special conditions contained herein and within the operating permit. The proposed determinations are tentative pending public comment.

PUBLIC NOTICE:

The Department shall give public notice that a draft permit has been prepared and its issuance is pending. Additionally, public notice will be issued if a public hearing is to be held because of a significant degree of interest in and water quality concerns related to a draft permit. No public notice is required when a request for a permit modification or termination is denied; however, the requester and permittee must be notified of the denial in writing.

The Department must issue public notice of a pending operating permit or of a new or reissued statewide general permit. The public comment period is the length of time not less than 30 days following the date of the public notice which interested persons may submit written comments about the proposed permit.

For persons wanting to submit comments regarding this proposed operating permit, then please refer to the Public Notice page located at the front of this draft operating permit. The Public Notice page gives direction on how and where to submit appropriate comments.

The Public Notice period for this operating permit was from 04/13/13 to 05/13/13. No responses received.

DATE OF FACT SHEET: JUNE 14, 2010

COMPLETED BY:

JIMMY COLES, ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALIST KANSAS CITY REGIONAL OFFICE NPDES PERMITS UNIT 816-622-7051 JIMMY.COLES@DNR.MO.GOV

DATE OF MODIFICATION: MARCH 6, 2013

MODIFIED BY:

ALAN MOREAU, ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALIST INDUSTRIAL PERMITS UNIT (573) 522-2553 alan.moreau@dnr.mo.gov

Q	===	
4	(4)	

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM, WATER POLLUTION CONTROL BRANCH FORM A – APPLICATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OR OPERATING PERMIT

AP14235_	C10654
FOR AGENCY	USE ONLY

CHECK NUMBER 50265

UNDER MISSOURI CLEAN WATER LAW	DATE RECEI		37.50 \$
Note ► PLEASE READ THE ACCOMPANYING INSTRUC	TIONS BEFORE COMPLETING THIS	FORM.	
1. This application is for: An operating permit and antidegradation review A construction permit following an appropriate op A construction permit and concurrent operating p A construction permit (submitted before Aug. 30, An operating permit for a new or unpermitted fac An operating permit renewal: permit # MO- An operating permit modification: permit # MO- Is the appropriate fee included with the application? (See	permit and antidegradation review p 2008 or antidegradation review is r ility Construction Permit Expiration Date Transl Reason: operational change	ublic/potic	e, l
2. FACILITY			IE WITH AREA CORE
BNSF Murray Yard ADDRESS (PHYSICAL)	CITY	(913) 551-3990 2) 551-3921 ZIP CODE
53 West 14th Avenue	North Kansas City	МО	64116
3. OWNER	E-MAIL ADDRESS	(913	E WITH AREA CODE) 551-3990
BNSF Railway Company ADDRESS (MAILING) 1515 Kansas Ave	ryan.mills@bnsf.cor	ກ — —) 551-3921 ZIP CODE 64151
Request review of draft permit prior to public notice?	<u> </u>		
AND ADDRESS (MAILING) 515 Kansas Ave	CITY Kansas City	(913) 551-3990) 551-3921 ZIP CODE 64151
5. OPERATOR			
NAME BNSF Railway Company ADDRESS (MAILING) 515 Kansas Ave	CITY Kansas City	(913	ie with area code) 551-3990) 551-3921 zip code 64151
5. FACILITY CONTACT	Ransas Oity	IKO	04131
Ryan Mills	Manager Environmental Operations	(913	E WITH AREA CODE) 551-3990) 551-3921
7. ADDITIONAL FACILITY INFORMATION 7.1 Legal Description of Outfalls. (Attach additional sheet)	ets if necessary.)		
For Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 15 No 002 NW 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec 26 UTM Coordinates Easting (X): 362987 Northing 003 SW 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec 14	T 50N R 33W g (Y): 4334272 with referenced to North American Datum 190 T 50N R 33W g (Y): 4331512 T 50N R 33W g (Y): 4333301	Clay (83 (NAD83) Clay (County
004	T R		County

002 - SIC

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001 - SIC 4011

003 - SIC

and NAICS 482111

and NAICS



OUR EXPERTISE. YOUR SUCCESS.

RECEIVED

December 27, 2012

Missouri Department of Natural Resources Chris Wieberg Operating Permits Section Chief P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 DEC **3 1** 2012 WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM

RE: NPDES Storm Water Permit Modification

BNSF Murray Railyard (MO-0117391), North Kansas City, Missouri

Dear Mr. Wieberg:

Environmental Works, Inc. (EWI) has prepared and is submitting this permit modification request on behalf of BNSF Railway Company (BNSF). Enclosed are the items required to modify the BNSF Murray Railyard storm water permit (MO-0117391), including Form A, Form 2F, site diagrams, the permit modification fee, and a table summarizing the past five years of annual storm water sample data. Due to facility changes, BNSF requests the following changes be incorporated to the issued permit:

Addition of Outfall 002A: This area is asphalt covered and drainage is directed to a surface inlet leading to a pump station that discharges to the Missouri River. BNSF intends to utilize the area near Outfall 002A for dispensing kerosene and rail lubricant. Based on this activity, BNSF is requesting the addition of Outfall 002A to the storm water permit.

BNSF appreciates MDNR's consideration of our requests. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Ryan Mills at (913) 551-3990.

Respectfully,

Lee Warfield

Project Manager

201 Main Street, Suite 200 Kansas City, MO 64105 P: 816,285,8410

Corporate Headquarters 1455 E. Chestnut Expy

Springfield, MO 65802 P: 417.890.9500 F: 417.823.9659

F: 816.285.8409 1419 S. Main Street Joplin, MO 64801

P: 417.626.7704 St. Louis, MO C:

Ryan Mills/BNSF

asield

24-Hr. 877.827.9500 www.environmentalworks.com

8.	ADDITIONAL FORMS AND MAPS NECESSARY TO CO (Complete all forms that are applicable.)	OMPLETE THIS APPLICATION	N						
A.	Is your facility a manufacturing, commercial, mining or silves, complete Form C (unless storm water only, then comp			YES 🗌 rm 2F per					
B.	Is your facility considered a "Primary Industry" under EPA If yes, complete Forms C and D.	guidelines:		YES 🗌	NO 🗹				
C.	Is application for storm water discharges only? If yes, complete EPA Form 2F.		YES 🗹	NO 🗌					
D.	Attach a map showing all outfalls and the receiving stream at 1" = 2,000' scale.								
E.	Is wastewater land applied? If yes, complete Form I.		YES 🗌	NO 🗹					
F.	Is sludge, biosolids, ash or residuals generated, treated, s If yes, complete Form R.	YES 🗌	NO 🗹						
9.	DOWNSTREAM LANDOWNER(S) Attach additional sheets as necessary. See Instructions. (PLEASE SHOW LOCATION ON MAP. SEE 8.D ABOVE).								
NAME Douglas	Battery MFG Company; Environmental Works, Inc.; North	Kansas City Pumping Station							
ADDRESS		CITY		STATE	ZIP CODE				
105 Wes	t 26 ave.; 500 Atlantic St.; Atlantic St. and West 14th	North Kansas City		МО	64116				
10. I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application, that to the best of my knowledge and belief such information is true, complete and accurate, and if granted this permit, I agree to abide by the Missouri Clean Water Law and all rules, regulations, orders and decisions, subject to any legitimate appeal available to applicant under the Missouri Clean Water Law to the Missouri Clean Water Commission.									
NAME AND	ME AND OFFICIAL TITLE (TYPE OR PRINT) TELEPHONE WITH AREA CODE								
Ryan J N	Ryan J Mills, Manager Environmental Operations (913) 551-3990								
SIGNATURE			DATE SIGNED)					
2y John 12/7/2012									
MO 780-1	S (01-08)	ONE ARE COMPLETED A		TIONAL	FORMS				

IAILING, PLEASE ENSURE ALL SECTIONS ARE COMPLETED AND ADDITIONAL FORMS, IF APPLICABLE, ARE INCLUDED. Submittal of an incomplete application may result in the application being returned.

HAVE YOU INCLUDED:

Appropriate Fees?
Map at 1" = 2000' scale?
Signature?
Form C, if applicable?
Form D, if applicable?
Form 2F, if applicable?
Form I (Irrigation), if applicable?
Form R (Sludge), if applicable?

FORM

2F

NPDES

Form Approved. OMB No. 2040-0086 Approval expires 5-31-92

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460

Application for Permit to Discharge Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

Public reporting burden for this application is estimated to average 28.6 hours per application, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate, any other aspect of this collection of information, or suggestions for improving this form, including suggestions which may increase or reduce this burden to: Chief, Information Policy Branch, PM-223, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460, or Director, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503.

I. Outfall Location	1						
For each outfall, list	the latitude a	nd longitude	of its location	to the neares	t 15 seconds	and the name	e of the receiving water.
A. Outfall Number (list)		B. Latitude			C. Longitude	•	D. Receiving Water (name)
001	39.00	8.00	49.90	94.00	35.00	6.70	City storm sewer to Missouri River
002A	39.00	7.00	18.53	94.00	35.00	5.22	City storm sewer to Missouri River
003	39.00	8.00	23.90	94.00	35.00	41.60	City storm sewer to Missouri River

II. Improvements

A. Are you now required by any Federal, State, or local authority to meet any implementation schedule for the construction, upgrading or operation of wastewater treatment equipment or practices or any other environmental programs which may affect the discharges described in this application? This includes, but is not limited to, permit conditions, administrative or enforcement orders, enforcement compliance schedule letters, stipulations, court orders, and grant or loan conditions.

1. Identification of Conditions,		2. Affected Outfalls		Final Compliance Date		
Agreements, Etc.	number source of discharge		Brief Description of Project	a. req.	b. proj.	
None						
			<u> </u>			
		_				

B: You may attach additional sheets describing any additional water pollution (or other environmental projects which may affect your discharges) you now have under way or which you plan. Indicate whether each program is now under way or planned, and indicate your actual or planned schedules for construction.

III. Site Drainage Map

Attach a site map showing topography (or indicating the outline of drainage areas served by the outfalls(s) covered in the application if a topographic map is unavailable) depicting the facility including: each of its intake and discharge structures; the drainage area of each storm water outfall; paved areas and buildings within the drainage area of each storm water outfall, each known past or present areas used for outdoor storage of disposal of significant materials, each existing structural control measure to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff, materials loading and access areas, areas where pesticides, herbicides, soil conditioners and fertilizers are applied; each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal units (including each area not required to have a RCRA permit which is used for accumulating hazardous waste under 40 CFR 262.34); each well where fluids from the facility are injected underground; springs, and other surface water bodies which received storm water discharges from the facility.

Continued f	rom the Front				
IV. Narra	tive Description of Pollutar	nt Sources			
	ch outfall, provide an estimate of the area (d by the outfall.	include units) of imperious surface	es (including p	aved areas and building roofs) drained to the outfall, and ar	estimate of the total surface area
Outfall Number	Area of Impervious Surface (provide units)	Total Area Drained (provide units)	Outfall Number	Area of Impervious Surface (provide units)	Total Area Drained (provide units)
001	550,000 ft. sq.	679,300 ft. sq.			
002A	250,000 ft. sq.	250,000 ft. sq.			
003	93,000 ft. sq.	210,000 ft. sq.			
to stor	m water; method of treatment, stora water runoff; materials loading and a	ge, or disposal; past and pre	sent materia	three years have been treated, stored or disposed it als management practices employed to minimize condition frequency in which pesticides, herbicides, soil conditions.	ntact by these materials with
	001 Receives runoff from th ground storage tanks with se		nd railca	r repair area. All petroleum stroage i	s in drums (closed)
rail lube	e oil tanks (500-gallon and	1,000-gallon) are stor	red in do	oil storage area. One kerosene (550-çuble walled above ground storage tanks.	
	003 Receives runoff from eq corage tanks with secondary		sed oil st	corage area. Diesel fuel and used oil	are stored in above
descr		er receives, including the sch		nonstructural control measures to reduce pollutants pe of maintenance for control and treatment measures	
Outfall Number		Т.	reatment	-	List Codes from Table 2F-1
	NA				
V. Nonst	ormwater Discharges				
				n tested or evaluated for the presence of nonstormy ring Form 2C or From 2E application for the outfall.	vater discharges, and that all
Name and	Official Title (type or print)	Signature		Da	te Signed
Ryan J Mi	lls, Mgr Environmental Ops	Lay for	lill	12	2/07/2012
B Provid	de a description of the method used t			nage points that were directly observed during a tes	•
	2; Outfall 001, 002A, and				
11-/-1	z, odciali ooi, ooza, and	703 Wele Visually Insp	ecced by	BIVITOIMEIREAL NOIRS, THE.	
VI Ciarri	Secret Calle on Calle		_		
Provide	ficant Leaks or Spills existing information regarding the hinate date and location of the spill or le			cic or hazardous pollutants at the facility in the la	st three years, including the
None					

Continued from Page 2

VII. Discharge Information							
A, B, C, & D: See instructions before proceeding. Complete one set of tables for each outfall. Annotate the outfall number in the space provided. Table VII-A, VII-B, VII-C are included on separate sheets numbers VII-1 and VII-2.							
	analysis – is any toxic pollutant listed in table 2F-2 ermediate or final product or byproduct?	2, 2F-3, or 2F-4, a substance or a	component of a substance which you				
Yes (list all such pollutants b	pelow)	No (go to Section IX)					
VIII. Biological Toxicity Testing D	Data						
	believe that any biological test for acute or chronic to years?	oxicity has been made on any of you No (go to Section IX)	r discharges or on a receiving water in				
IX. Contract Analysis Information							
	VII performed by a contract laboratory or consulting	No (go to Section X)					
A. Name	B. Address	C. Area Code & Phone No.	D. Pollutants Analyzed				
Pace Analytical Services, Inc.	9608 Loriet Blvd. Lenexa, KS 66219	(913) 559-5665	See Attached Table				
X. Certification							
I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.							
A. Name & Official Title (Type Or Print) Ryan J Mills, Mgr. Enviror	nmental Operations	B. Area Code and Phone No. (913) 551-3990					
	mentar operations						
C. Signature		D. Date Signed 12/07/2012					

VII. Discharge information (Continued from page 3 of Form 2F)

Part A - You must provide the results of at least one analysis for every pollutant in this table. Complete one table for each outfall. See instructions for additional details.

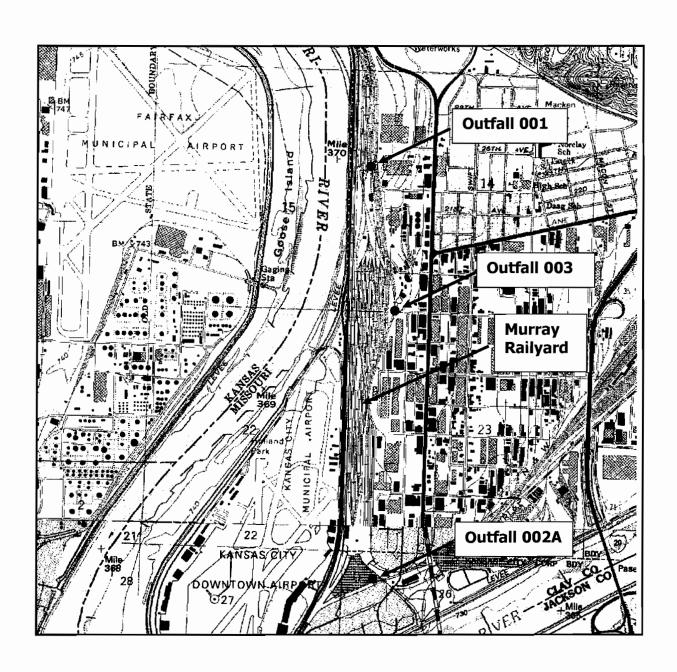
	um Values de units) Flow-Weighted Composite N/A		erage Values clude units) Flow-Weighted Composite	Number of Storm Events Sampled	Sources of Pollutants
Taken During First 20	Composite	Taken During First 20		Storm Events	Sources of Pollutants
	N/A				
ee Attached	Table Entitled	STORM WATER	SAMPLE DATA		
nimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum		
211	mum	mum Maximum	mum Maximum Minimum	mum Maximum Minimum Maximum	mum Maximum Minimum Maximum

Part B – List each pollutant that is limited in an effluent guideline which the facility is subject to or any pollutant listed in the facility's NPDES permit for its process wastewater (if the facility is operating under an existing NPDES permit). Complete one table for each outfall. See the instructions for additional details and requirements.

require	ements.					
	(inclu	um Values ide units)	Average Values (include units)		Number	
Pollutant and CAS Number (if available)	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	Grab Sample Taken During First 20 Minutes	Flow-Weighted Composite	of Storm Events Sampled	Sources of Pollutants
Not Applicable						

Continued from the Front

Montraur values (nocked units) Grab Sample CAS Number First 20 (if a value) Note Applicable Note App	Part C - Lis	t each pollutant sho quirements. Complet	own in Table 2F-2, 2F-3 te one table for each ou	, and 2F-4 that y	ou know or have reason t	o belie	ve is prese	nt. See the instruc	tions for additional details and
And the composition of the method of flow measurement or estimate. Taken During First 20 (fl available) First 20 (fl av			(include units)		erage Values nclude units)] ,			
Not Applicable Applicable	and CAS Number	Taken During First 20	Flow-Weighted Composite	Taken During First 20	Flow-Weighted Composite		Storm Events	So	urces of Pollutants
1. Date of Storm Event (in minutes) Not Applicable. All samples collected as grab samples 4. Number of hours between beginning of storm measured and end of previous measurable rain event (gallons/minute or specify units) Not Applicable. All samples collected as grab samples 4. Number of hours between beginning of storm measured and end of previous measurable rain event (gallons/minute or specify units) 7. Provide a description of the method of flow measurement or estimate.	Not	Applicable							
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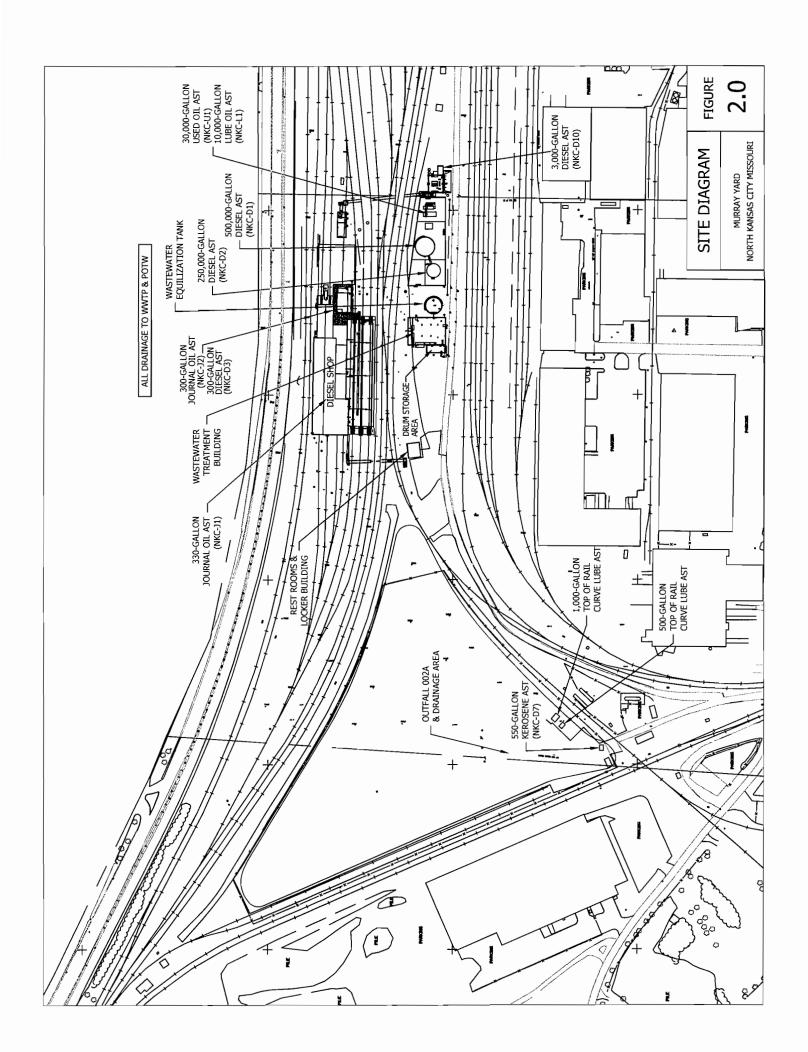


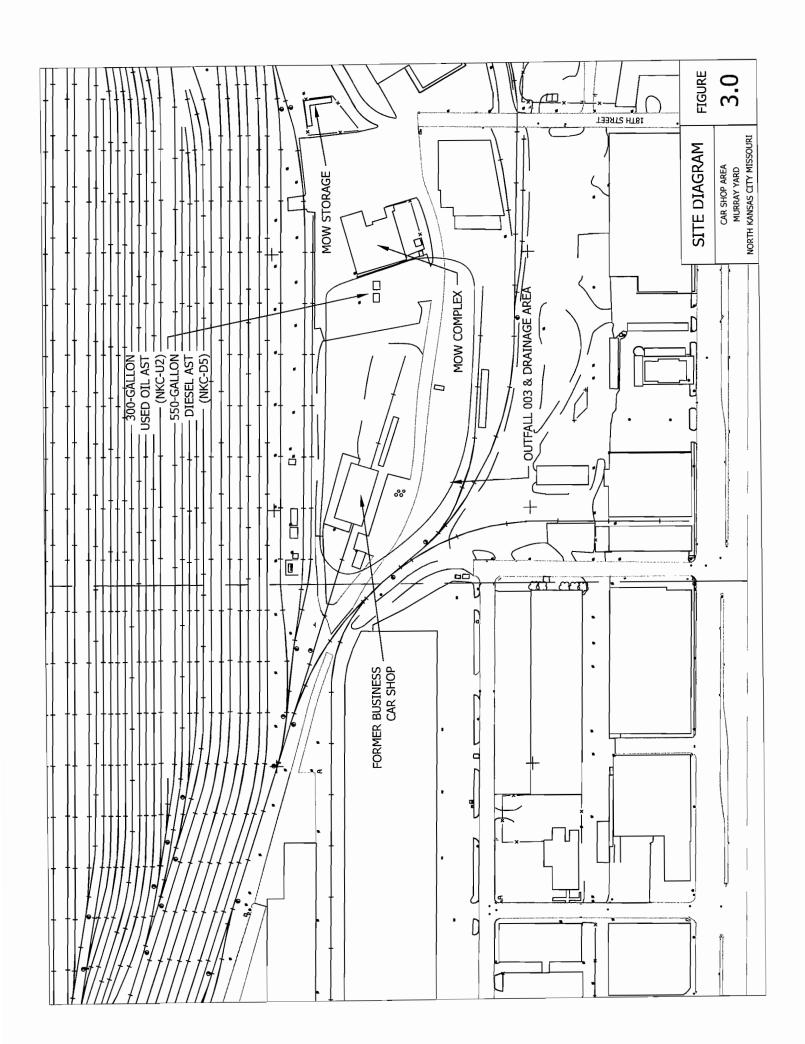


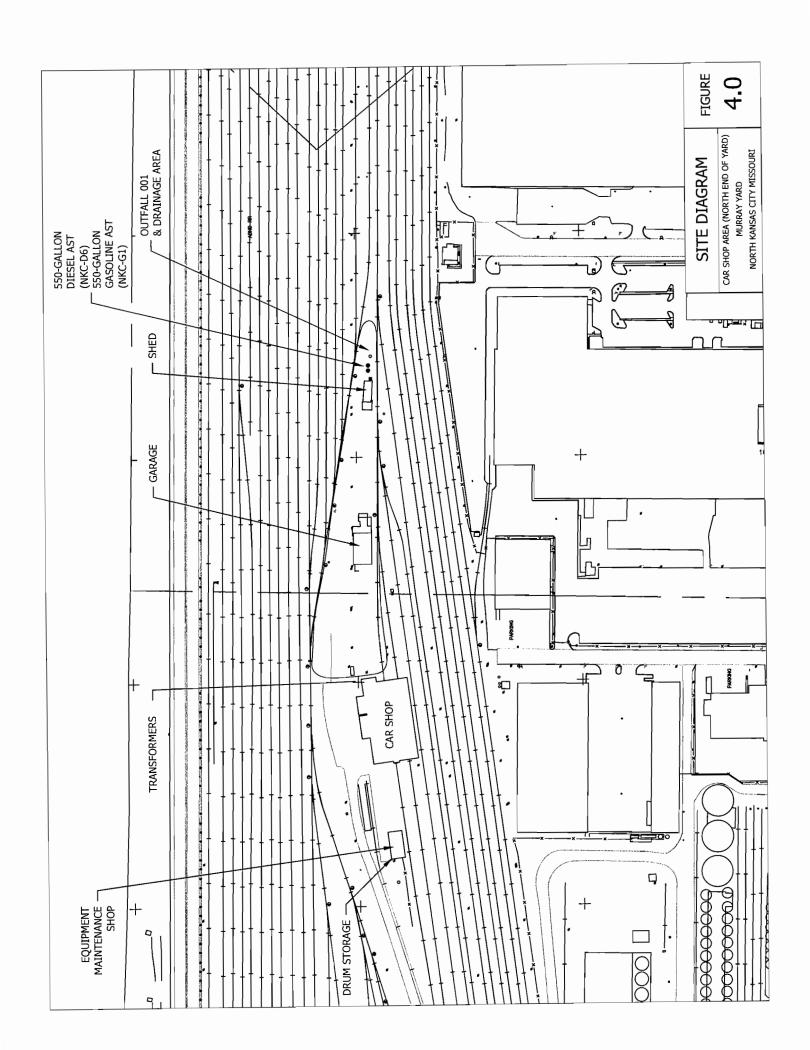
BNSF Murray Railyard 153 West 14th Avenue North Kansas City, Missouri Permit No.: MO-0117391

Scale: 1" = 2,000' Source: TerraServerUSA.com

Environmental Works, Inc.







Storm Water Sample Data (2008 - 2012) BNSF Murray Yard

Outfall	Time Period	Sample Date	Laboratory	рН	COD (mg/L)	TPH (mg/L)	Settleable Solids (mL/L/hr)
Daily Maximum Effluent Limitations				6.0-9.0	**	10	1.5
Monthly Average Effluent Limitations				6.0-9.0	**	10	1.0
001	2012	8/31/2012	Pace	7.7	22.7	<5.00	<0.200
	2011	8/12/2011	Pace	8.4	99	<5.00	0.5
	2010	5/13/2010	Pace	7.6	<10.0	<5.00	<0.200
	2009	7/28/2009	Pace	8.3	131	<5.00	0.5
	2008	9/12/2008	Pace	8.2	<10.0	<5.00	<0.200
002	2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2010	5/13/2010	Pace	7.6	16.7	<5.00	<0.200
	2009	7/28/2009	Pace	8.6	22.5	<5.00	<0.220
	2008	9/12/2008	Pace	8.3	<10.0	<5.00	<0.200
003	2012	8/31/2012	Pace	7.2	19.3	<5.00	<0.200
	2011	8/12/2011	Pace	8.6	123	<5.00	0.3
	2010	5/13/2010	Pace	7.4	37.5	<5.00	<0.200
	2009	7/28/2009	Pace	8.5	19.5	<5.00	<0.200
	2008	9/12/2008	Pace	7.7	28.5	<5.00	<0.200
003	2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2010	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2009	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2008	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

** Monitoring requirement only N/A Not Applicable